

International School on Nuclear Physics,
Erice-Sicily, Italy,
17 September, 2015

*Two-photon exchange corrections
in elastic lepton-proton scattering
at small momentum transfer*

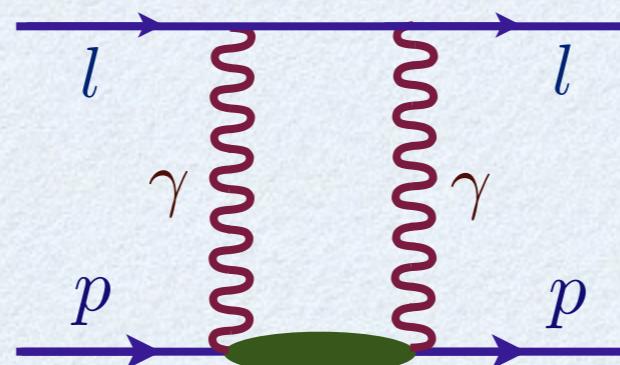
Oleksandr Tomalak, Marc Vanderhaeghen

Johannes Gutenberg University,

Mainz, Germany

Outline

- Motivation
- Elastic lepton-proton scattering
- Forward limit of TPE. Corrections to HFS
- Elastic contribution to TPE corrections. DR framework
- Low-momentum transfer expansion
- Inelastic TPE contribution



Form factors in OPE approximation

OPE amplitude

$$T = \frac{e^2}{Q^2} (\bar{u}(k', h') \gamma_\mu u(k, h)) (\bar{u}(p', \lambda') \Gamma^\mu(Q^2) u(p, \lambda))$$

momentum transfer

$$Q^2 = -(k - k')^2$$

kinematic variables

$$\tau = \frac{Q^2}{4M^2}, \quad \epsilon = \frac{\nu^2 - \tau(1 + \tau)}{\nu^2 + \tau(1 + \tau)}$$

Sachs form factors

$$G_E = F_1 - \tau F_2, \quad G_M = F_1 + F_2$$

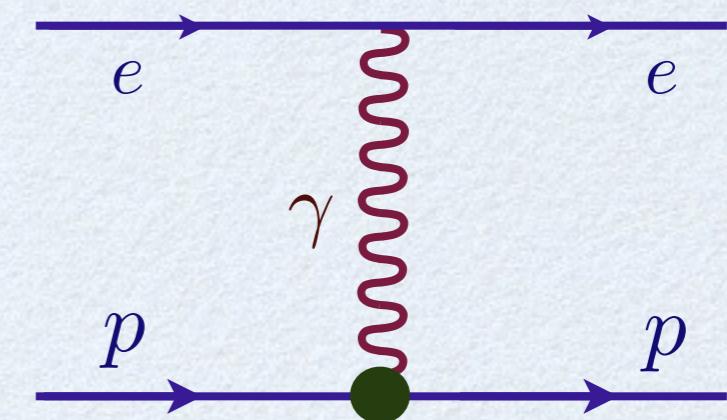
Rosenbluth separation

$$\frac{d\sigma^{unpol}}{d\Omega} \sim (\epsilon G_E^2(Q^2) + \tau G_M^2(Q^2))$$

Polarization transfer

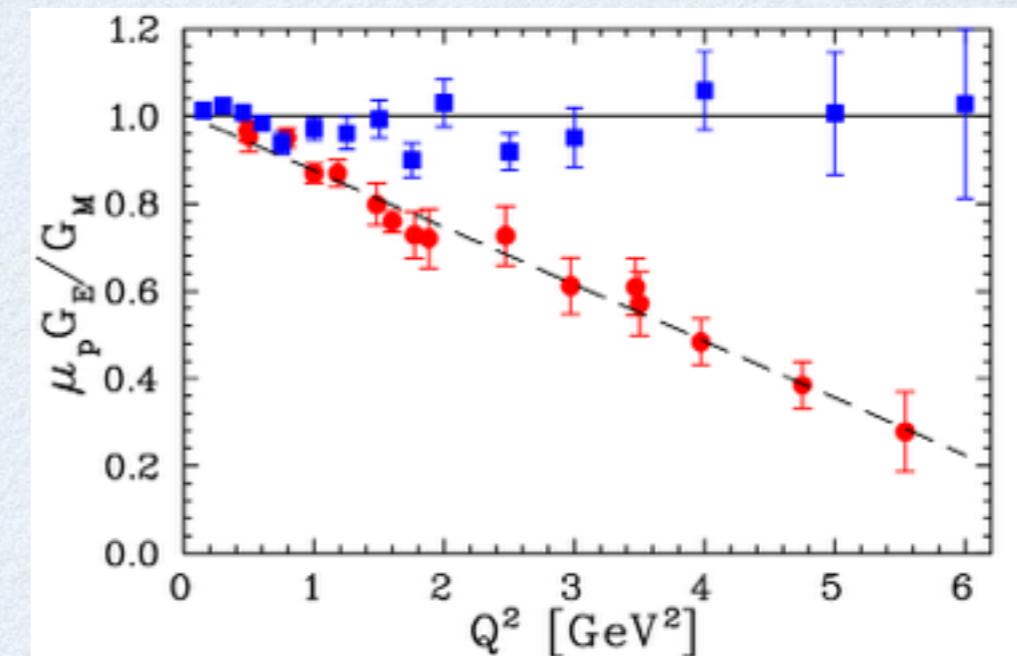
$$\frac{P_T}{P_L} \sim \frac{G_E(Q^2)}{G_M(Q^2)}$$

A possible explanation - two-photon exchange



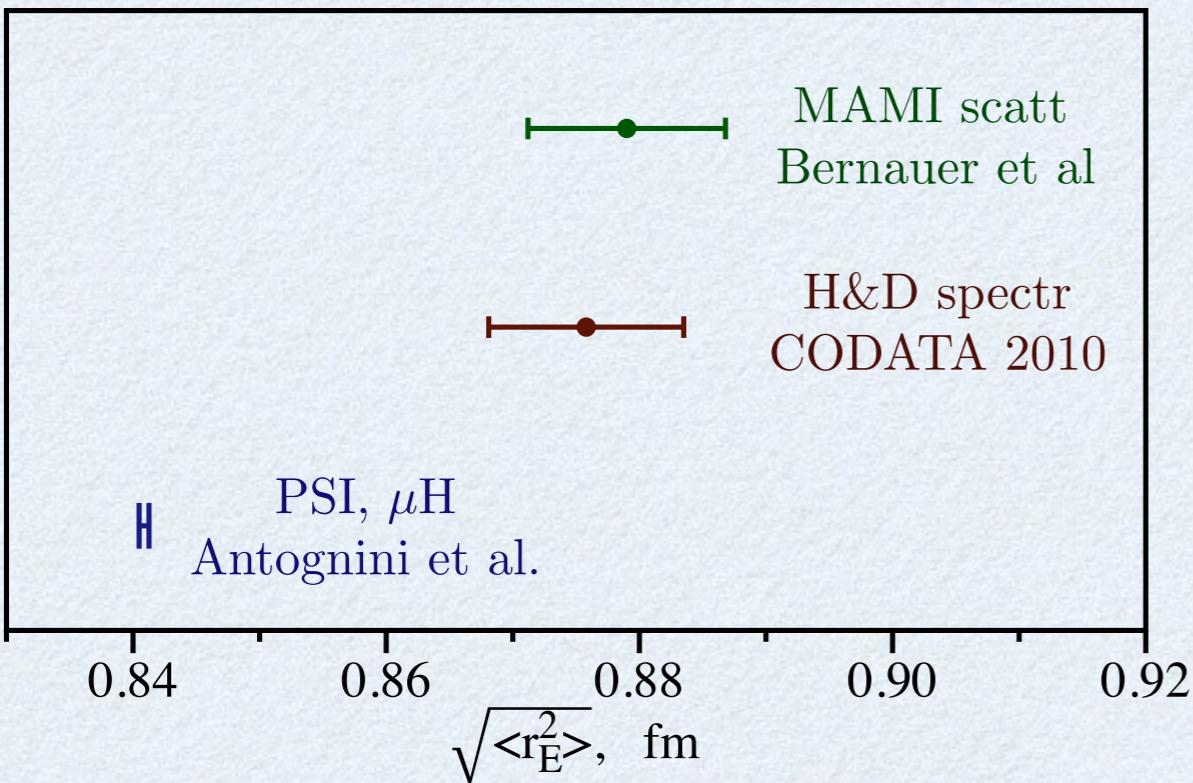
photon-proton vertex

$$\Gamma^\mu(Q^2) = \gamma^\mu F_1(Q^2) + \frac{i\sigma^{\mu\nu}q_\nu}{2M} F_2(Q^2)$$



J. Arrington (2003)

Proton radius puzzle



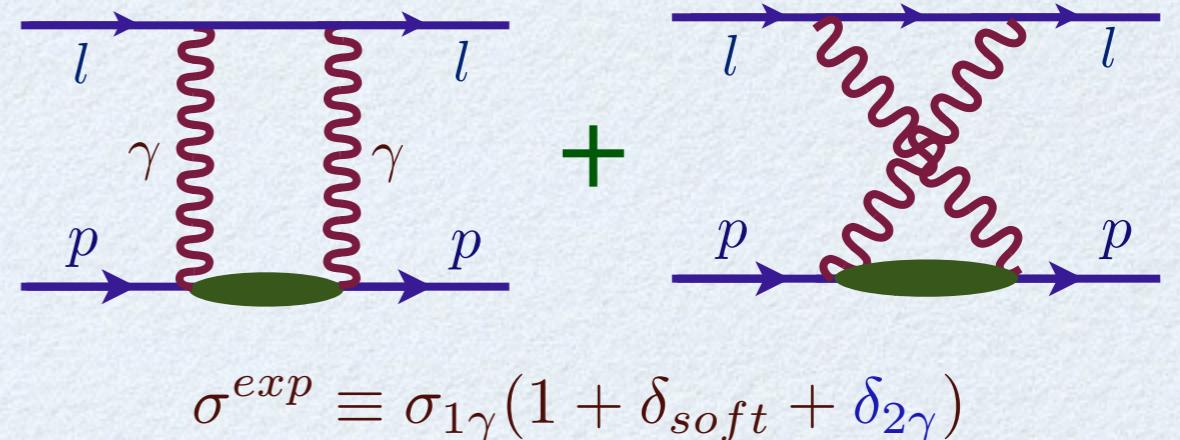
$$\text{electric charge radius} \quad \langle r_E^2 \rangle = -\frac{1}{6} \frac{dG_E(Q^2)}{dQ^2}$$

e hydrogen μ hydrogen

Lamb shift $r_E = 0.8758 \pm 0.0077 \text{ fm}$ $r_E = 0.8409 \pm 0.0004 \text{ fm}$

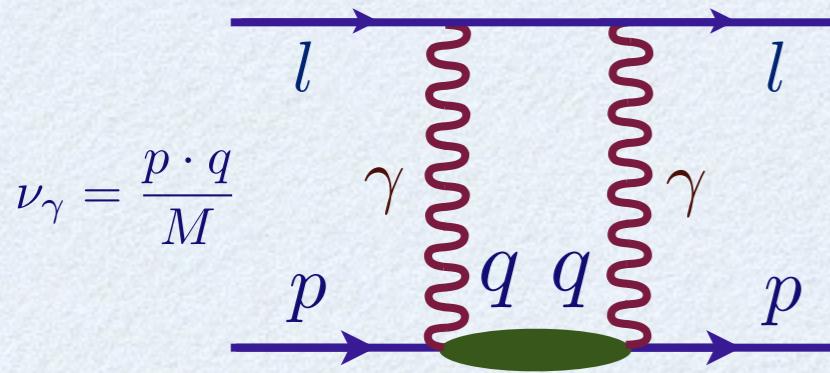
ep-elastic scattering $r_E = 0.879 \pm 0.008 \text{ fm}$ 4-7 σ difference !

TPE hadronic correction is dominant
uncertainty in scattering experiments



magnetic radius depends on TPE

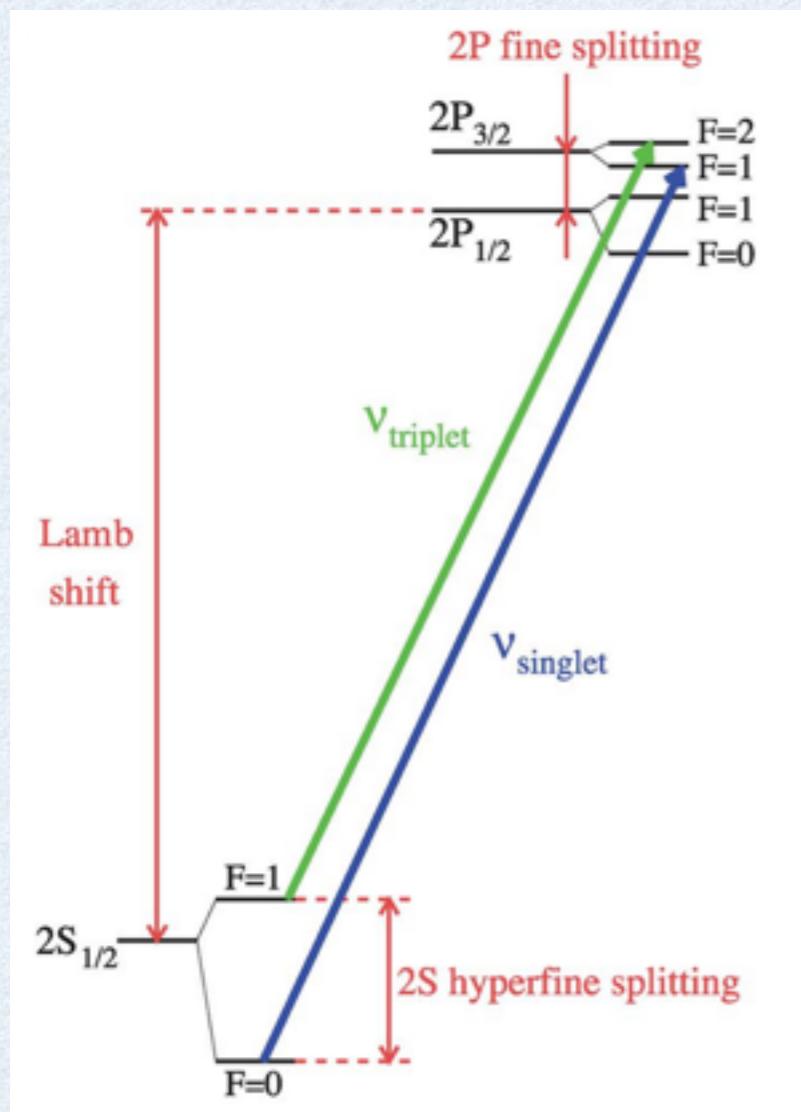
TPE correction to hydrogen spectroscopy



Shift of S-levels energy

$$\Delta E_{nS} = \frac{\mathcal{M}|\psi_n(0)|^2}{4Mm}$$

TPE blob - forward Compton scattering



Lamb shift through unpolarized structure functions F_1, F_2

$$\Delta E_{n,S} \sim \int d\nu_\gamma dQ^2 \{T_1(0, Q^2), F_1(\nu_\gamma, Q^2), F_2(\nu_\gamma, Q^2)\}$$

C. Carlson and M. Vanderhaeghen (2011)

Correction of order 10% of the radius puzzle

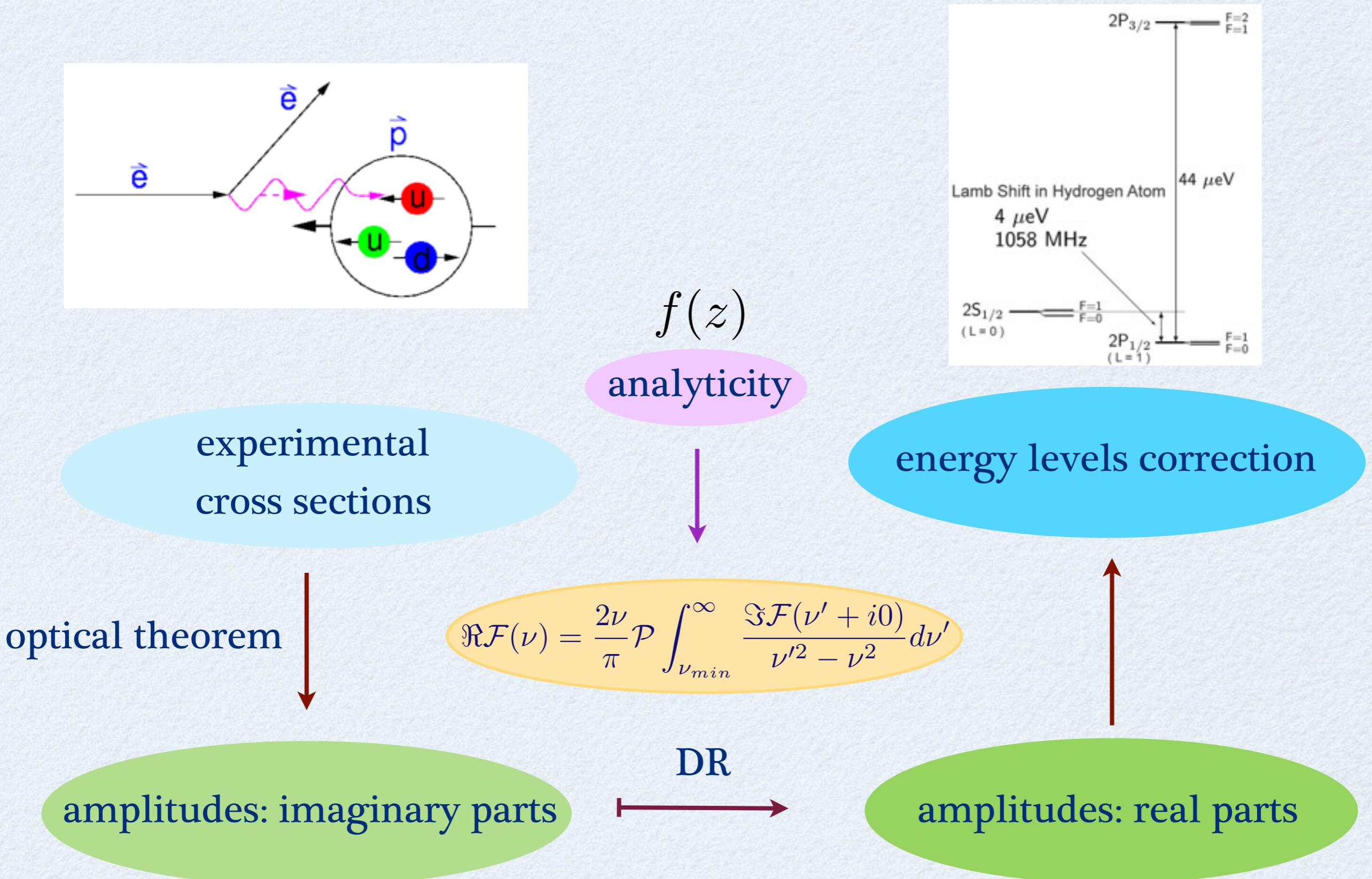
HFS correction through spin structure functions g_1, g_2

$$\Delta E_{n,S}^{HFS} \sim \int d\nu_\gamma dQ^2 \{g_1(\nu_\gamma, Q^2), g_2(\nu_\gamma, Q^2)\}$$

C. Carlson, V. Nazaryan, K. Griffioen (2011)

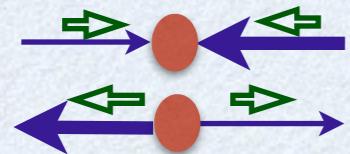
A. Altonini et al. (2013)

Dispersion relation framework

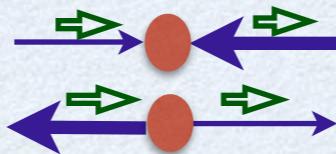


Forward scattering amplitudes

Angular momentum conservation



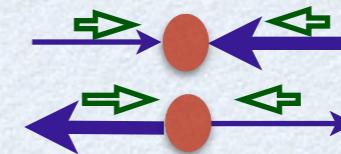
$$T_1 = T_{++,++}$$



$$T_3 = T_{+-,+-}$$

3 amplitudes

W. Grein and P. Kroll (1978)



$$T_5 = T_{--,++}$$

Crossing symmetric variable $\nu = ME$ is related to lepton energy

Amplitudes has definite crossing properties with respect $E \rightarrow -E$

$$f_+ = \frac{T_1 + T_3}{2}$$

$$g = \frac{T_5}{2}$$

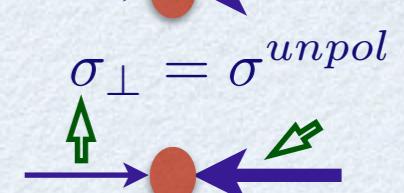
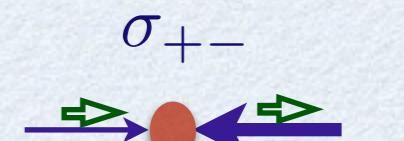
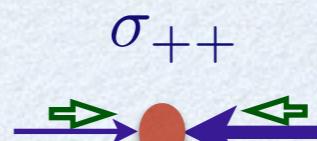
$$f_- = \frac{T_1 - T_3}{2}$$

Optical theorem determines imaginary parts

$$\Im f_+(E) \sim \sigma_{++}(E) + \sigma_{+-}(E)$$

$$\Im f_-(E) \sim \sigma_{++}(E) - \sigma_{+-}(E)$$

$$\Im g(E) \sim \sigma_\perp(E) - \sigma_{\parallel}(E)$$



Dispersion relations. TPE HFS correction

$$\Re f_+^{2\gamma}(E) - \Re f_+^{2\gamma}(E_0) = \frac{4M(E^2 - E_0^2)}{\pi} \int_m^\infty \frac{E' \sqrt{E'^2 - m^2} \cdot \sigma_{unpol}^{1\gamma}(E')}{(E'^2 - E^2)(E'^2 - E_0^2)} dE' \quad \times$$

$$\Re f_-^{2\gamma}(E) = \frac{2ME}{\pi} \int_m^\infty \frac{\sqrt{E'^2 - m^2} (\sigma_{++}^{1\gamma}(E') - \sigma_{+-}^{1\gamma}(E'))}{E'^2 - E^2} dE' \quad \checkmark$$

$$\Re g^{2\gamma}(E) = \frac{4M}{\pi} \int_m^\infty \frac{E' \sqrt{E'^2 - m^2} (\sigma_\perp^{1\gamma}(E') - \sigma_\parallel^{1\gamma}(E'))}{E'^2 - E^2} dE' \quad \checkmark$$

verified to one-loop level
in QED

O.Tomalak and V. Pascalutsa (in preparation)

Similar to light by light
scattering except f_+

V. Pascalutsa and M. Vanderhaeghen (2010)

Interaction Hamiltonian

$$H = -f_+ - 4g \vec{s} \cdot \vec{S} - 4(f_- + g)(\vec{s} \cdot \hat{k})(\vec{S} \cdot \hat{p})$$

Lamb shift $f_+^{2\gamma}(m)$ ← F_1, F_2

HFS correction $f_-^{2\gamma}(m), g^{2\gamma}(m)$ ← g_1, g_2

S-levels HFS correction

$$\Delta E_S = E_F(1 + \Delta^S)$$

Zemach correction is reproduced

$$\Delta = \frac{8\alpha m M}{\pi(M+m)} \int_0^\infty \frac{dQ}{Q^2} \left(\frac{G_M(Q^2) G_E(Q^2))}{\mu_P} - 1 \right)$$

A.C. Zemach (1956)

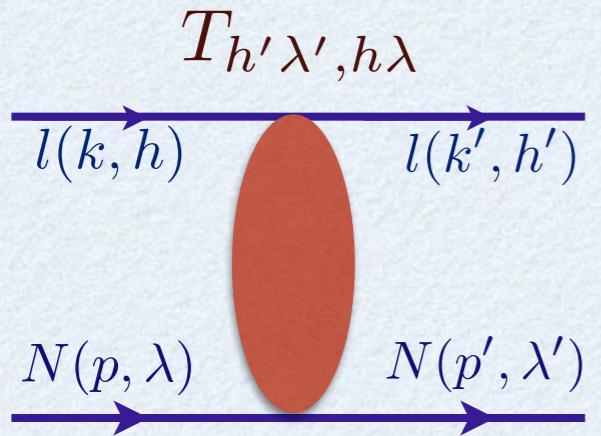
$$\mu_P e^2 \Delta^S = -g(m) + \frac{1}{2} f_-(m)$$

Recoil correction only with BC sum rule

$$\int_{\nu_{thr}}^\infty g_2(\nu_\gamma, Q^2) \frac{M d\nu_\gamma}{\nu_\gamma^2} = \frac{1}{4} F_2(Q^2) G_M(Q^2)$$

$$g^{2\gamma}(m) + f_-^{2\gamma}(m) = 0$$

Structure amplitudes



$$\begin{aligned} Q^2 &= -(k - k')^2 \\ s &= (p + k)^2 \\ u &= (k - p')^2 \\ \nu &= \frac{s - u}{4} \\ \epsilon & \end{aligned}$$

momentum transfer

crossing symmetric variable

photon polarization parameter

Discrete symmetries



6 structure amplitudes

Goldberger et al. (1957)

Electron scattering is described by 3 structure amplitudes

$$T^{non-flip} = \frac{e^2}{Q^2} \bar{l}(k', h') \gamma_\mu l(k, h) \cdot \bar{N}(p', \lambda') [\mathcal{G}_M(\nu, t) \gamma^\mu - \mathcal{F}_2(\nu, t) \frac{P^\mu}{M} + \mathcal{F}_3(\nu, t) \frac{\hat{K} P^\mu}{M^2}] N(p, \lambda)$$

P.A.M. Guichon and M. Vanderhaeghen (2003)

Muon scattering require lepton helicity-flip amplitudes

$m_l \neq 0$



$$\begin{aligned} T^{flip} &= \frac{e^2}{Q^2} \frac{m_l}{M} \bar{l}(k', h') l(k, h) \cdot \bar{N}(p', \lambda') [\mathcal{F}_4(\nu, t) + \mathcal{F}_5(\nu, t) \frac{\hat{K}}{M}] N(p, \lambda) + \\ &\quad \frac{e^2}{Q^2} \frac{m_l}{M} \mathcal{F}_6(\nu, t) \bar{l}(k', h') \gamma_5 l(k, h) \cdot \bar{N}(p', \lambda') \gamma_5 N(p, \lambda) \end{aligned}$$

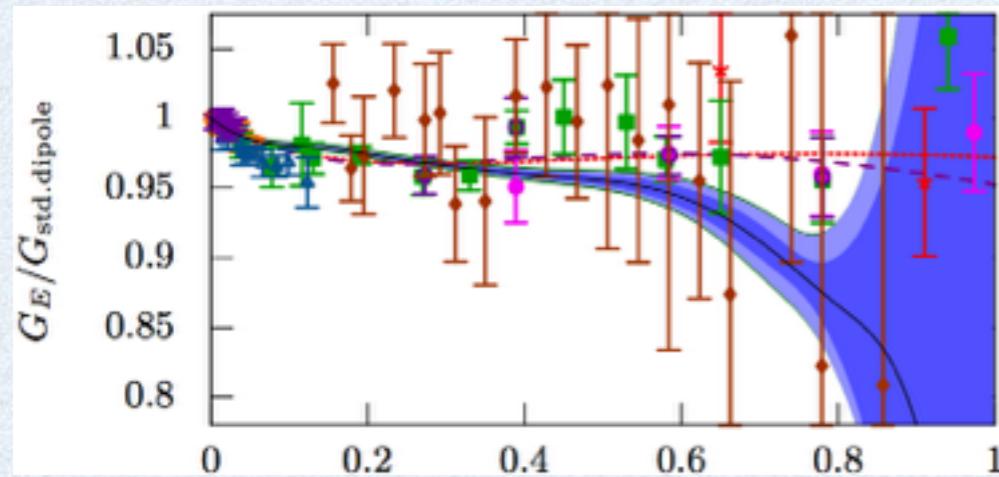
M. Gorchtein, P.A.M. Guichon and M. Vanderhaeghen (2004)

Leading TPE contribution to cross section - interference term with OPE

$$\delta_{2\gamma} \sim \Re \mathcal{G}_M, \Re \mathcal{F}_2, \Re \mathcal{F}_3, \Re \mathcal{F}_4, \Re \mathcal{F}_5$$

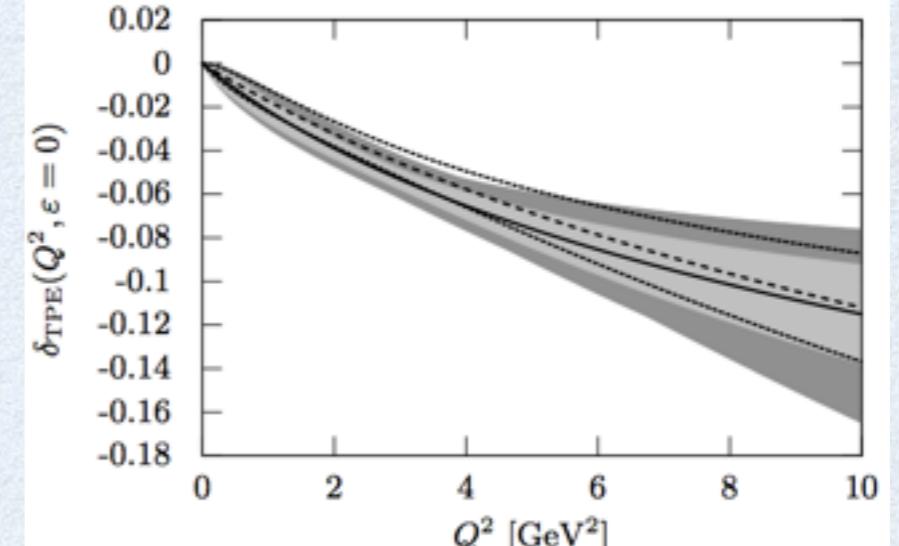
Fixed-t dispersion relation framework

2γ corrections



on-shell one-photon amplitudes

$f(z)$
analyticity



exp. data/phenomenology

unitarity

amplitudes: imaginary parts



$$\Re \mathcal{F}(\nu) = \frac{2\nu}{\pi} \mathcal{P} \int_{\nu_{min}}^{\infty} \frac{\Im \mathcal{F}(\nu' + i0)}{\nu'^2 - \nu^2} d\nu'$$

DR

cross section correction



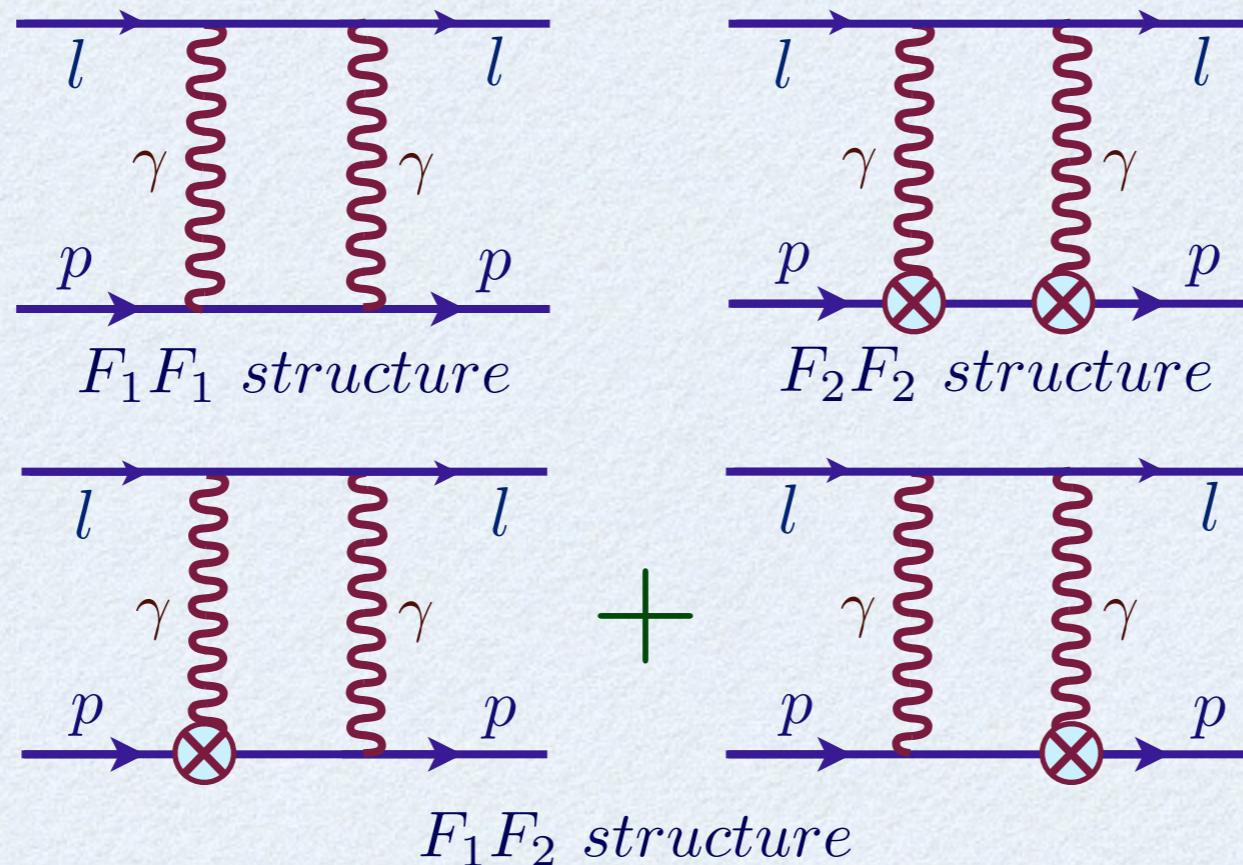
amplitudes: real parts

Hadronic model

The one-photon exchange on-shell vertex

$$\Gamma^\mu(Q^2) = \gamma^\mu F_1(Q^2) + \frac{i\sigma^{\mu\nu}q_\nu}{2M} F_2(Q^2)$$

P. G. Blunden, W. Melnitchouk, and J. A. Tjon (2003)



IR divergencies
are subtracted

L.C. Maximon and J. A. Tjon (2000)

Point-like couplings	\rightarrow	$F_1 = 1$	$F_2 = \mu_p - 1$
Dipole FFs for G_M, G_E	\rightarrow	$G_E = F_1 - \tau F_2$	$G_M = F_1 + F_2$
		$(\tau = \frac{Q^2}{4M^2})$	

Hadronic model vs. dispersion relations

- Imaginary parts are the same
- Real parts are the same for

	F ₁ F ₂ amplitudes				F ₂ F ₂ amplitudes			
all F ₁ F ₁ amplitudes	\mathcal{G}_M	\mathcal{F}_2	\mathcal{F}_3	\mathcal{F}_5	\mathcal{F}_2	$\mathcal{G}_M + \frac{\nu}{M^2} \mathcal{F}_3$	\mathcal{F}_5	

Fixed-t subtracted dispersion relation works

F ₂ F ₂ amplitudes	\mathcal{G}_M	\mathcal{F}_3	\mathcal{F}_4	\mathcal{F}_6
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- Calculation based on DR for ep scattering

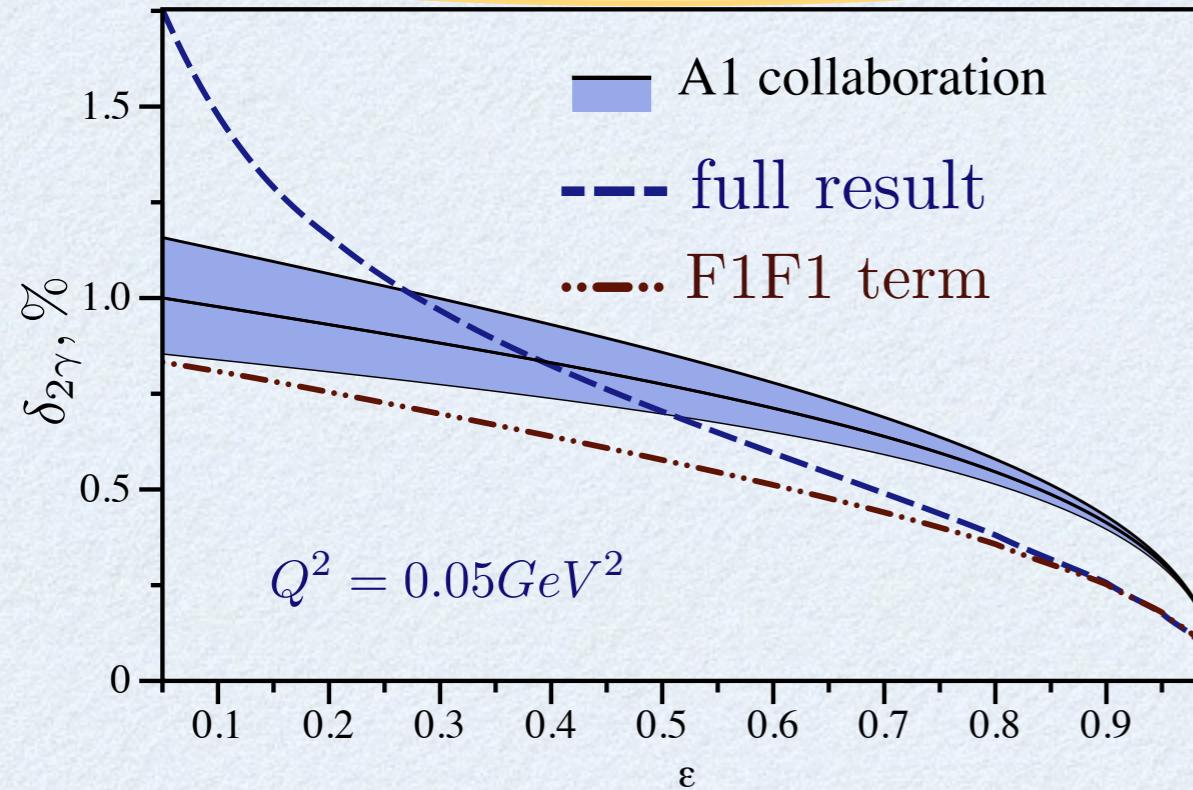
- for amplitudes $\mathcal{G}_1, \mathcal{G}_2$ unsubtracted DR can be used
- for amplitude \mathcal{F}_3 subtracted DR should be used
- subtraction point $\Re \mathcal{F}_3^{F_2 F_2}(\nu_0, Q^2)$ fixed from $\delta_{2\gamma}(\nu_0, Q^2)$ data

$$\mathcal{G}_1 = \mathcal{G}_M + \frac{\nu}{M^2} \mathcal{F}_3$$

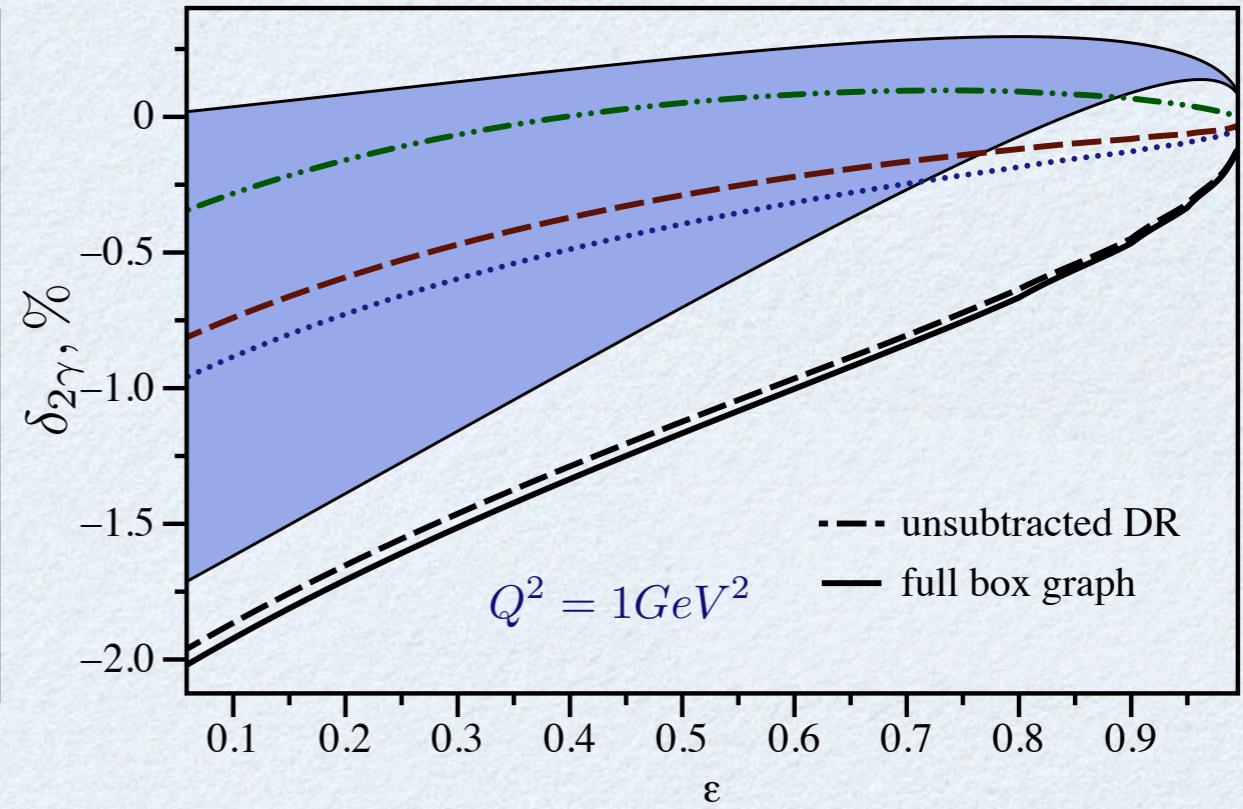
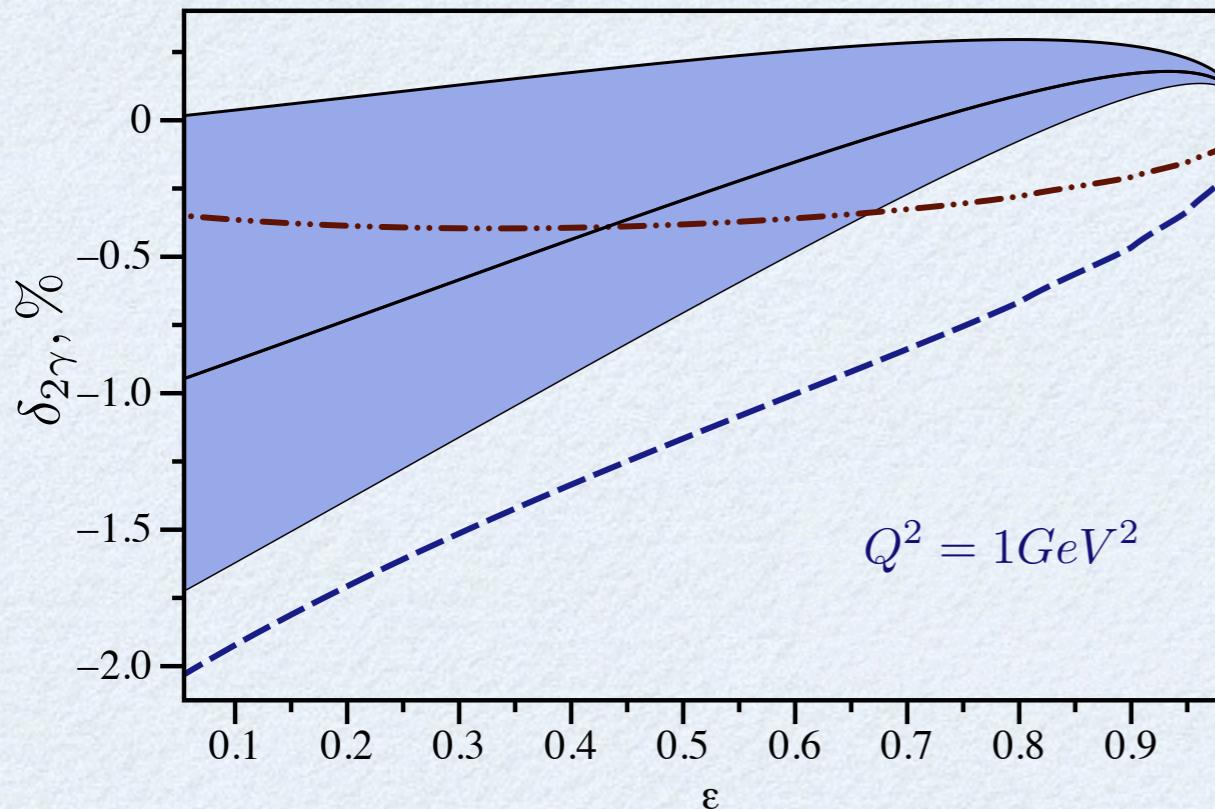
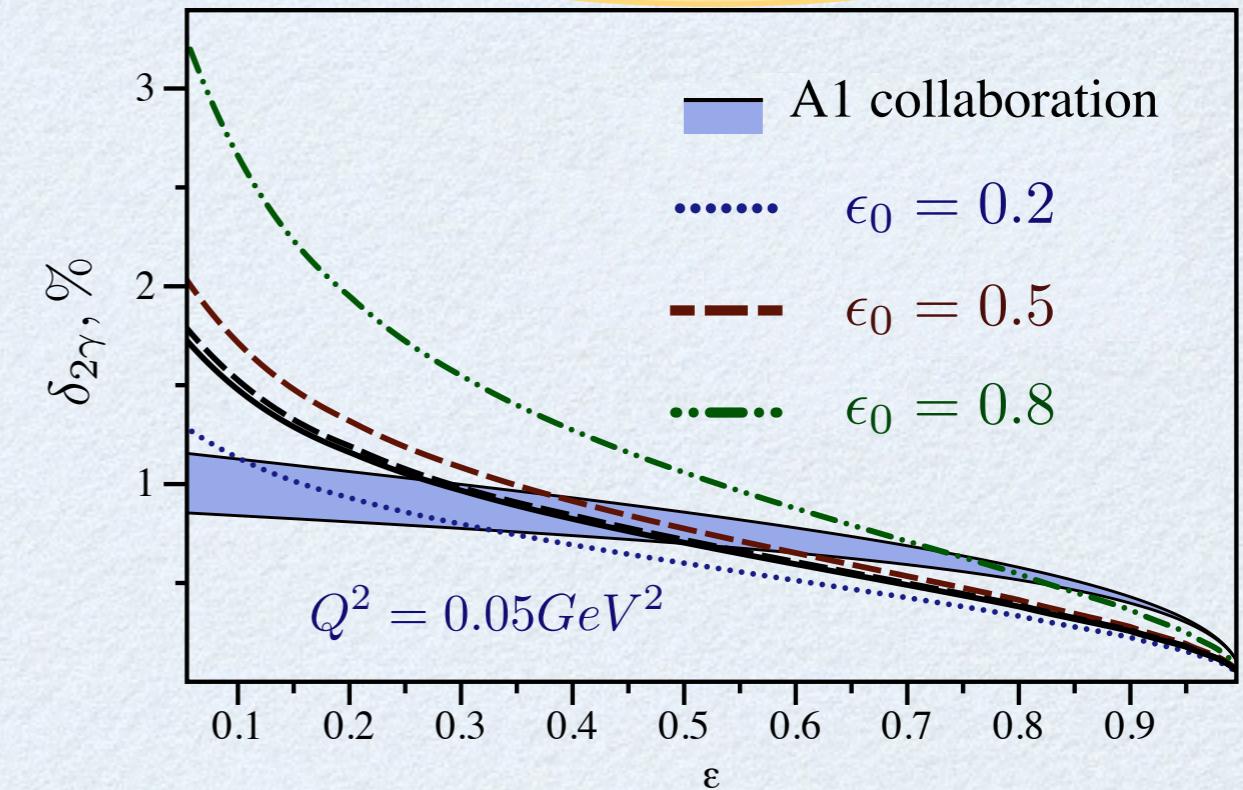
$$\mathcal{G}_2 = \mathcal{G}_E + \frac{\nu}{M^2} \mathcal{F}_3$$

2γ in e^-p elastic scattering

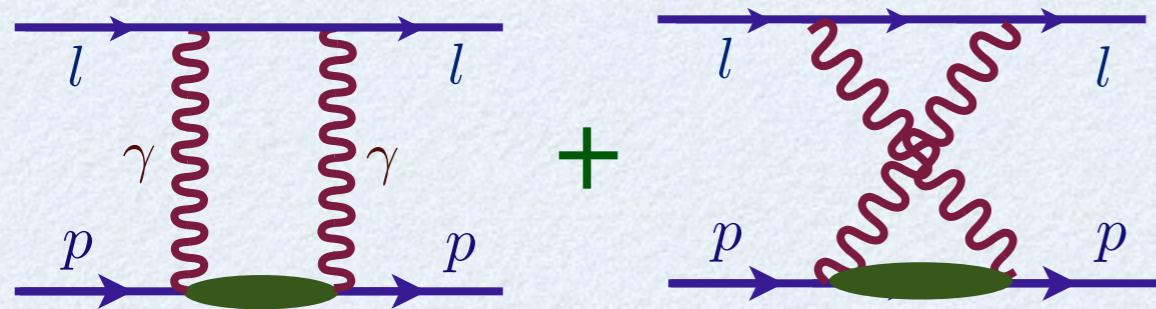
box diagram model calculation



subtracted DR



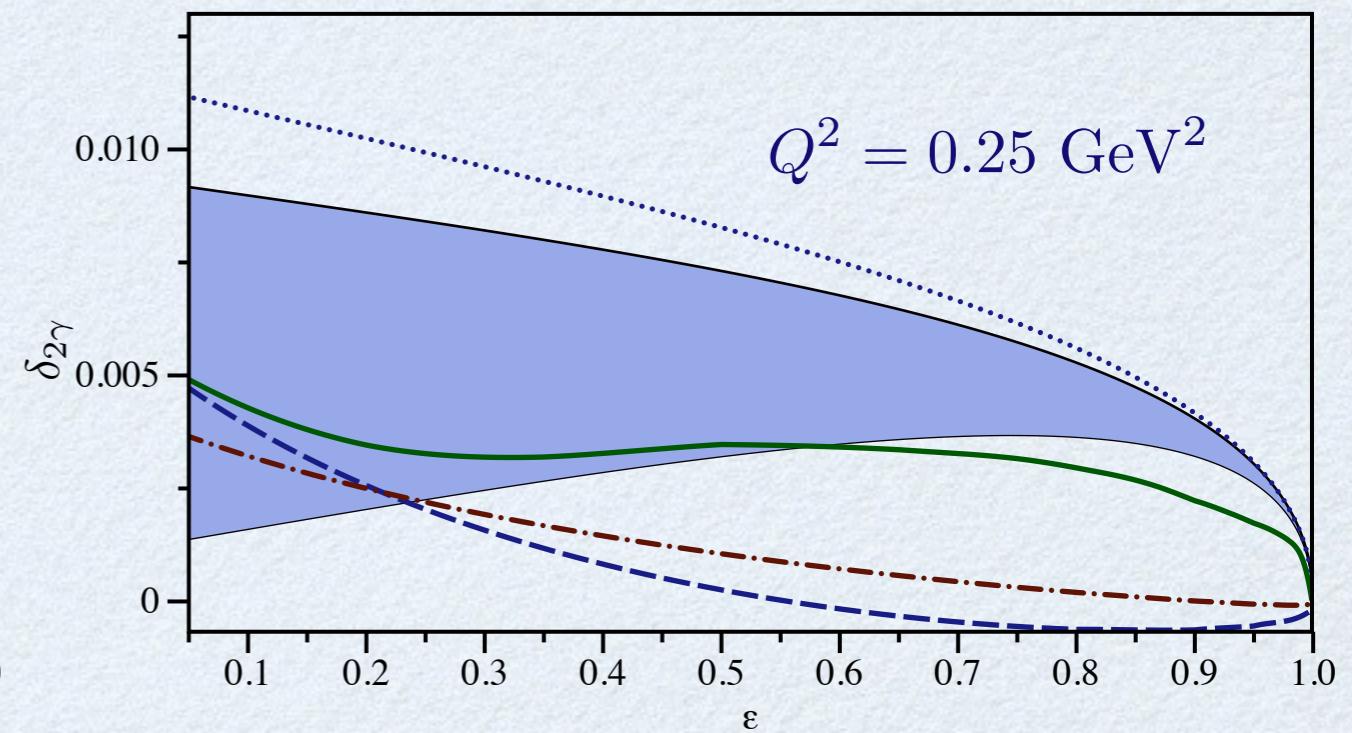
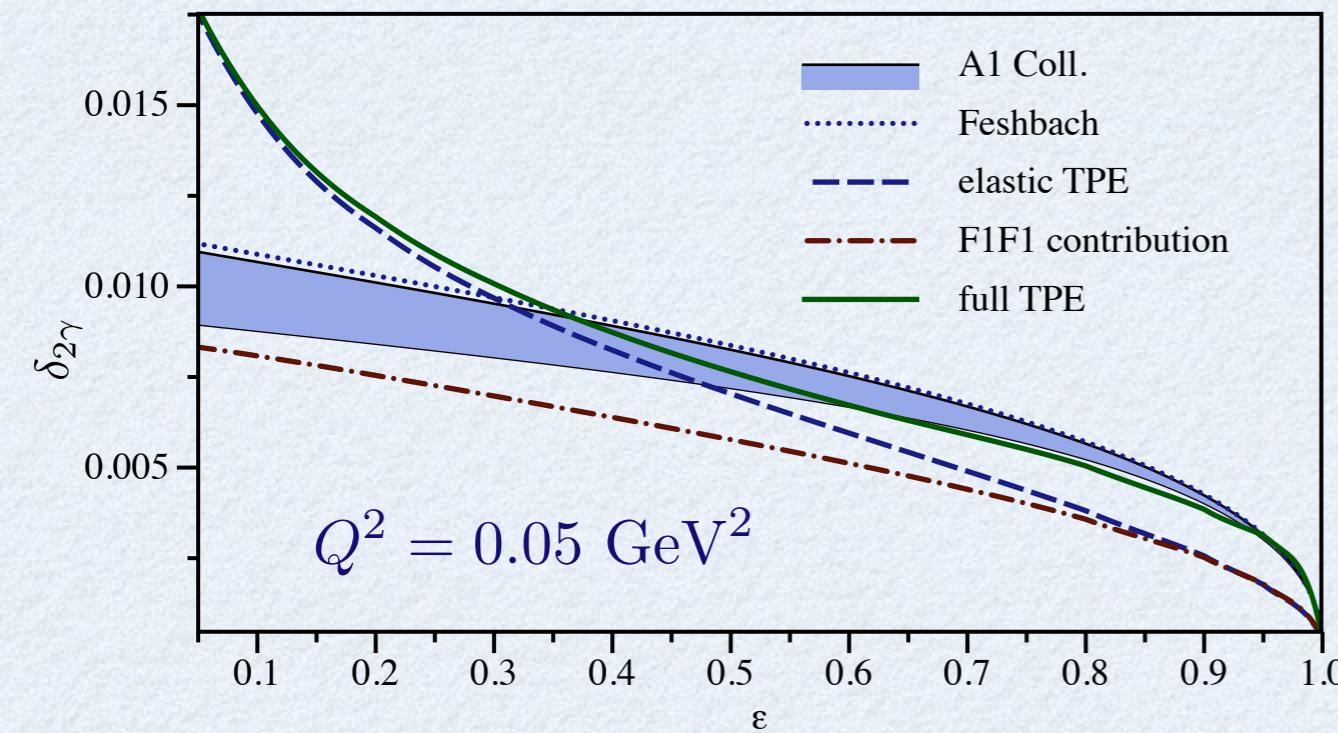
Near-forward inelastic TPE correction(e⁻p)



TPE blob - forward Compton scattering
perform the Wick rotation

$$\delta_{2\gamma} = \int d\nu_\gamma d\tilde{Q}^2 (w_1(\nu_\gamma, \tilde{Q}^2) \cdot F_1(\nu_\gamma, \tilde{Q}^2) + w_2(\nu_\gamma, \tilde{Q}^2) \cdot F_2(\nu_\gamma, \tilde{Q}^2))$$

- $Q^2 \ln Q^2$ term for ep scattering reproduced, no hadronic scale
 - Uncertain Q^2 region of applicability



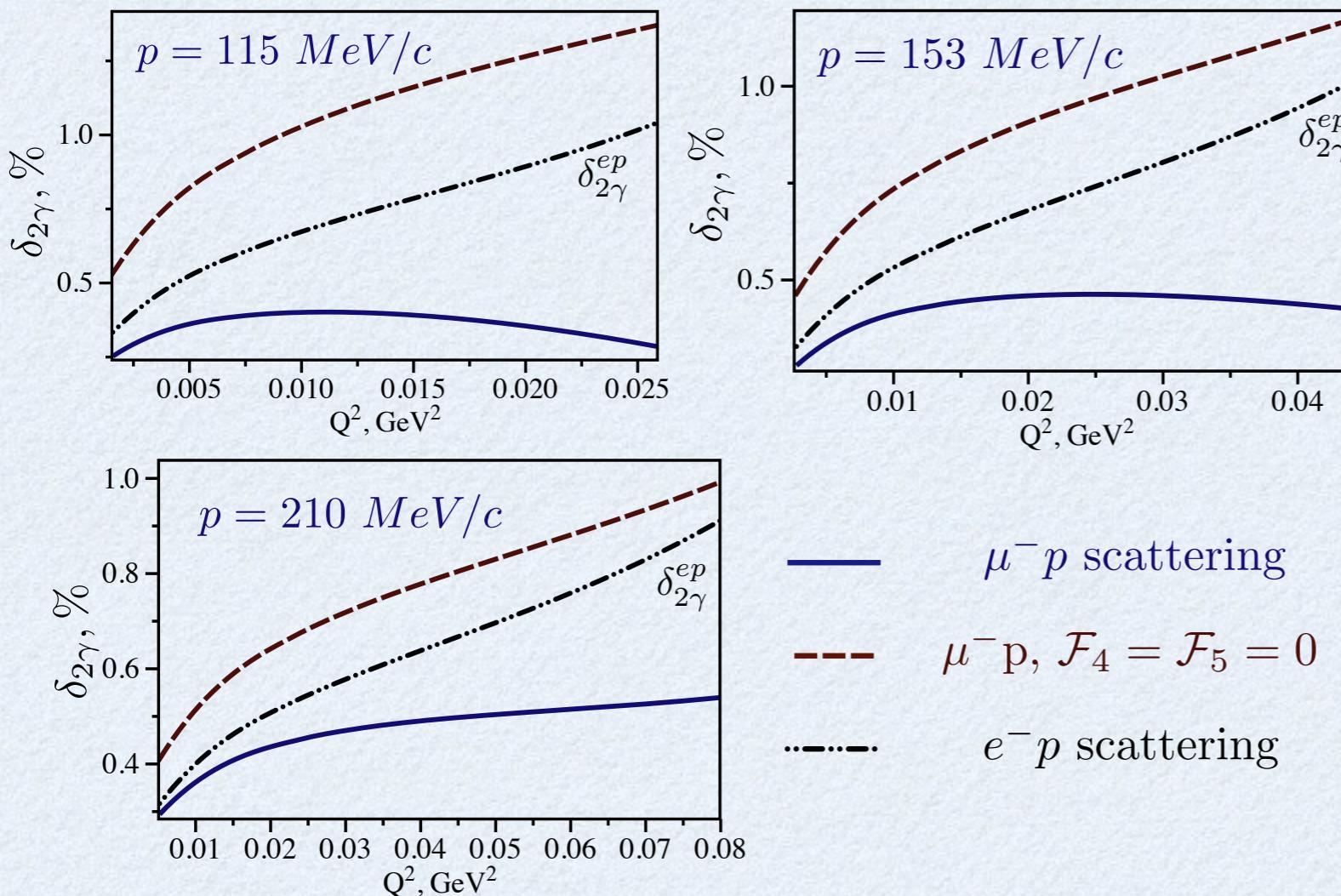
O. Tomalak and M. Vanderhaeghen (2015)

no significant influence on electric charge radius

$\mu^- p$ experiment (MUSE) estimates

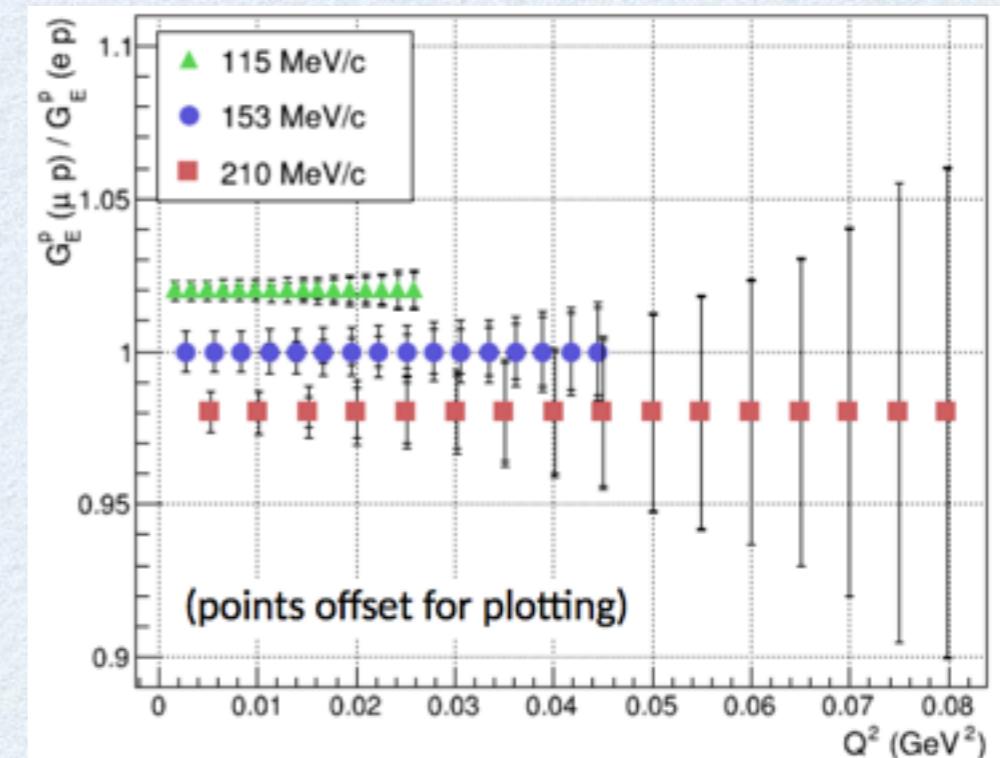
TPE correction in hadronic model

$$\delta_{2\gamma} \sim \mathcal{RG}_M, \mathcal{RF}_2, \mathcal{RF}_3, \mathcal{RF}_4, \mathcal{RF}_5$$



O. Tomalak and M. Vanderhaeghen (2014)

expected experimental
electron over muon ratio



K. Mesick talk (PAVI 2014)

F1F1 contribution dominates
helicity flip lowers correction

T_1 subtraction function TPE correction

Amplitude T_1 reconstructed up to a function

$$T_1(\nu_\gamma, Q^2) = T_1(0, Q^2) + \frac{\nu_\gamma^2}{2\pi M} \int_{\nu_{thr}}^{\infty} \frac{F_1(\nu', Q^2)}{\nu'(\nu'^2 - \nu_\gamma^2)} d\nu'$$

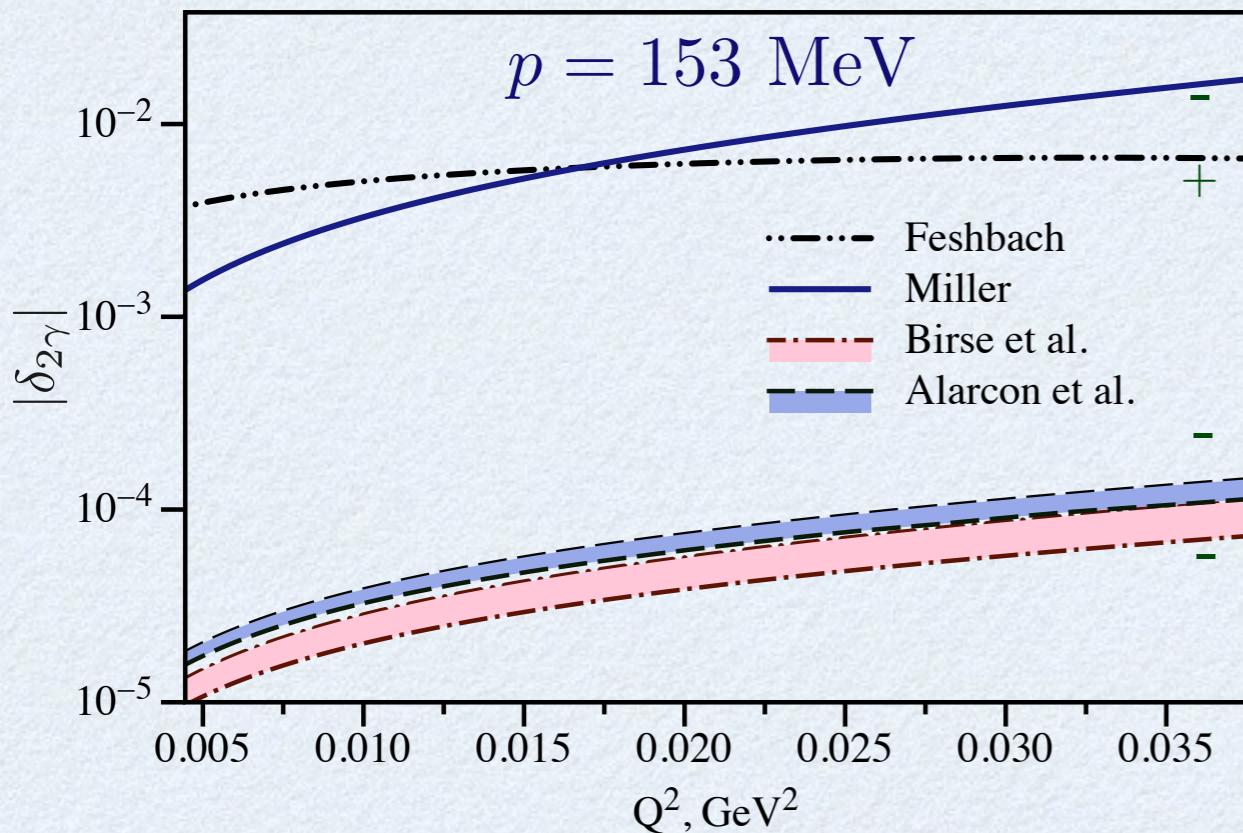
with

$$T_1(0, Q^2) = \beta_M Q^2 F_{loop}(Q^2)$$

Subtraction function contributes only to \mathcal{F}_4 amplitude

In the limit of small electron mass TPE correction vanishes

$$\delta_{2\gamma,0}^{subt} \approx -\frac{\beta_M Q^2 m^2}{E} \int_0^{\infty} f\left(x, \frac{Q^2}{m^2}\right) F_{loop}\left(\frac{Q^2 (x^2 - 1)}{4}\right) dx^2$$

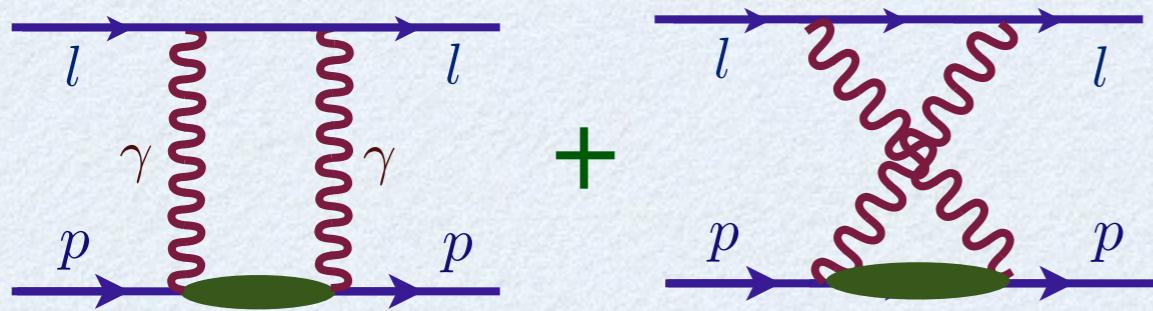


Valid only for small Q^2

For enhanced at HE function

$$\delta_{2\gamma,0}^{subt} \approx -\frac{3\beta_M Q^2 m^2}{2\pi E} \int_0^{\infty} F_{loop}(\tilde{Q}^2) \frac{d\tilde{Q}^2}{\tilde{Q}^2}$$

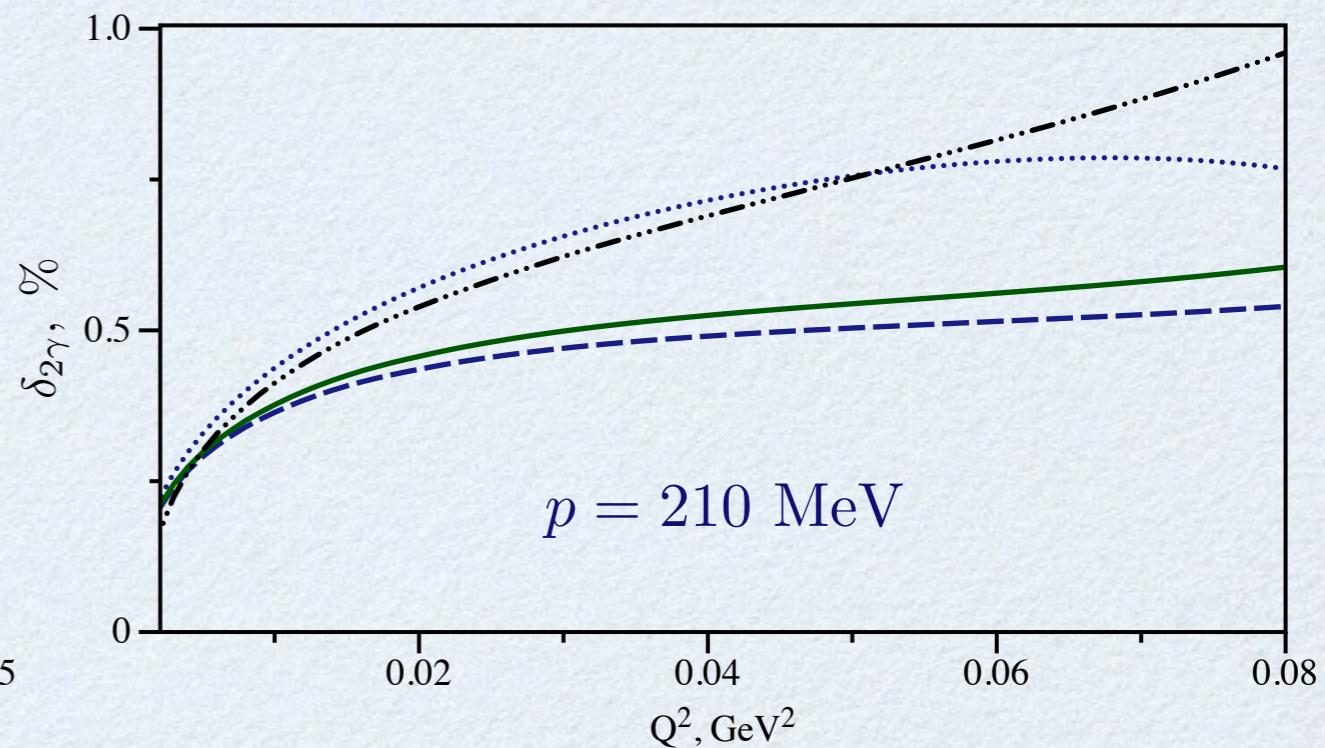
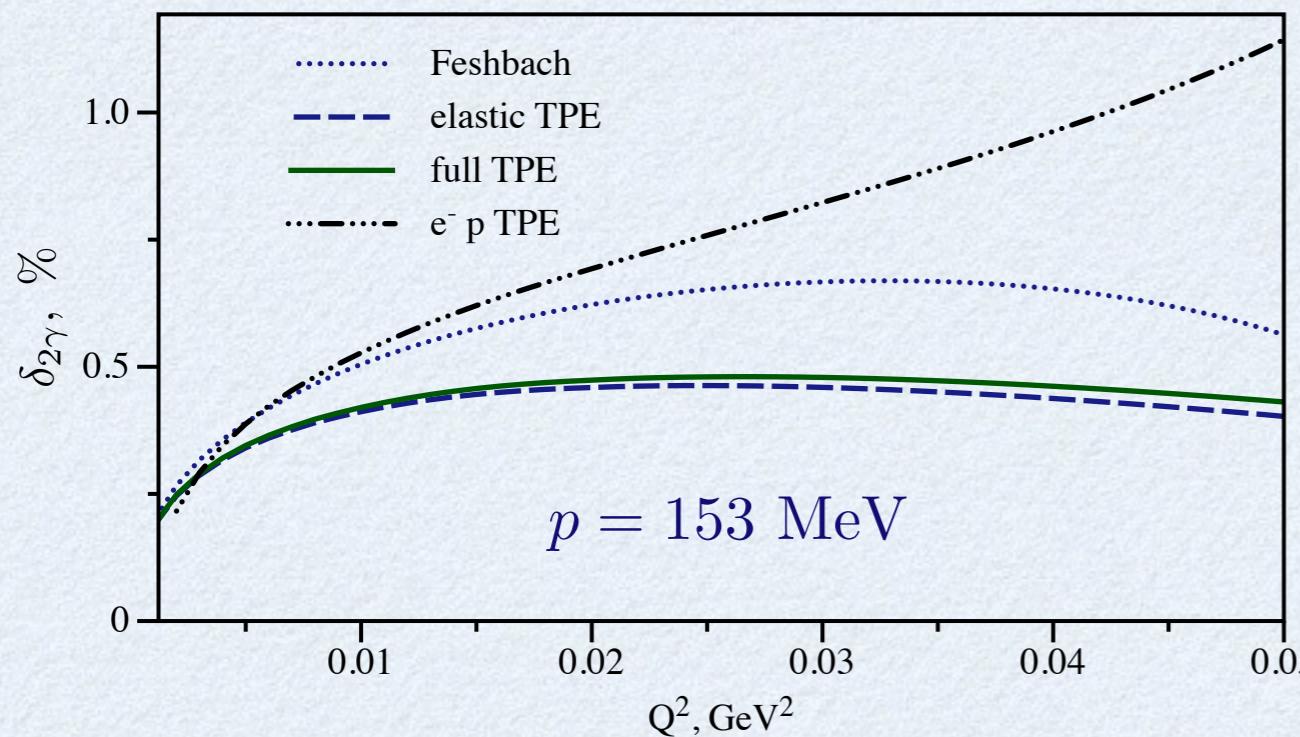
Near-forward inelastic TPE correction($\mu^- p$)



TPE blob - forward Compton scattering
perform the Wick rotation

$$\delta_{2\gamma} = \int d\nu_\gamma d\tilde{Q}^2 (w_1(\nu_\gamma, \tilde{Q}^2) \cdot F_1(\nu_\gamma, \tilde{Q}^2) + w_2(\nu_\gamma, \tilde{Q}^2) \cdot F_2(\nu_\gamma, \tilde{Q}^2))$$

- No $Q^2 \ln Q^2$ term in limit $Q^2 \ll m^2, M^2, ME$
- Uncertain Q^2 region of applicability



O. Tomalak and M. Vanderhaeghen (2015)

small effect for MUSE kinematics

Conclusions

- Dispersive relations for lepton-proton scattering provide alternative method for HFS correction derivation
- Subtracted DR formalism for ep scattering proposed
 - DR checked vs. hadronic model calculation (ep):
 F_1F_1, F_1F_2 : agreement F_2F_2 : on-shell model violates DR
 - DR checked vs. hadronic model calculation (μp):
 F_1F_1 : agreement F_1F_2, F_2F_2 : on-shell model violates DR
- T_1 subtraction function TPE correction studied
- Theoretical estimates for elastic (ep and μp) cross section
- Low-Q expansion reproduced (ep) and obtained (μp)

Plans

- Inclusion of inelastic intermediate states (πN)

Thanks for your attention !!!