



Neutrino  
flavor  
conversion

T. Stirner

Motivation

MSW-like  
effects

Fast  
conversion

Summary

# Neutrino flavor conversion

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# Overview

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# Motivation

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- flavor conversion changes measurements
- neutrino oscillation influenced by surrounding medium  
→ MSW effect
- high neutrino density leads to collective effects
- might affect SN mechanism and nucleosynthesis



# MSW effect

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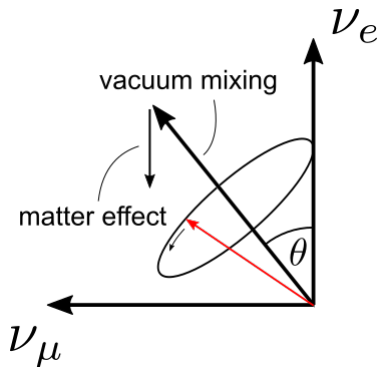
Fast  
conversion

Summary

resonance phenomenon  
for slowly changing  
densities

mixing maximized from  
vacuum and matter

vector length related to  
electron density





# Slow flavor conversion

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Summary

caused by  $\nu\nu$ -interaction

same mechanism as the MSW effect  
can occur in supernovae

important: coupling  $>$  energy spread

can lead to a spectral swap in the energy distribution  
of  $\nu_e$  and  $\nu_\mu$



# Fast flavor conversion

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fast conversions based on completely different principle

fast because  $\lambda_{\text{fast}} \sim \text{m}$  whereas  $\lambda_{\text{vac}} \sim \text{km}$

consider supernova environment with a high density of neutrinos

common oscillation suppressed

conversion possible, when correlation function blows up  
→ instability



# Correlation function

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correlation function  $\hat{=}$  mixing of neutrino states

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Wigner transformed correlation function

$$S(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{k}, t) = \int d^3y e^{-i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{y}} \nu_e \left(\mathbf{x} - \frac{\mathbf{y}}{2}\right) \nu_\mu^\dagger \left(\mathbf{x} + \frac{\mathbf{y}}{2}\right)$$

linearized equation of motion  $\hat{=}$  first order wave equation

$$i(\partial_t + \mathbf{v} \cdot \partial_{\mathbf{x}}) S_{\mathbf{v}} = \frac{\mu}{4\pi} \int d\mathbf{v}' (1 - \mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{v}') G_{\mathbf{v}'} S_{\mathbf{v}'}$$

with  $G_{\mathbf{v}} \sim$  lepton number distribution

Izraguirre et al. arXiv:1610.01312



# Dispersion relation

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plane wave ansatz  $S \sim \exp[-i(\omega t - \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{x})]$

derive dispersion relation  $\omega(\mathbf{k})$

unstable branch if  $\omega(\mathbf{k}) \in \mathbb{C}$

→ correlation function blows up

→  $\nu_e$  and  $\nu_\mu$  become strongly mixed

looking for instability criterion





# Examples

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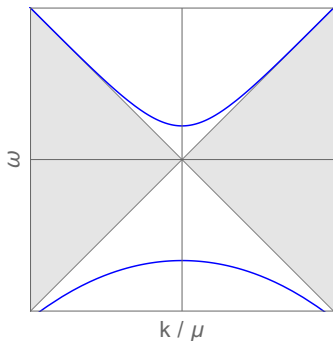
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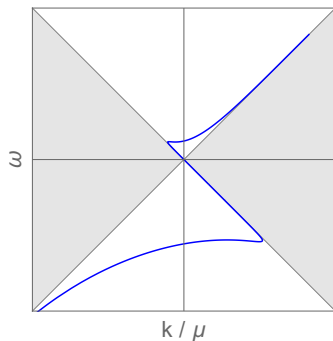
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Summary

constant  $G_{\nu}$



sign changing  $G_{\nu}$



Duan et al. arXiv:1001.2799



# Instability criterion

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Summary

$G_{\nu}$  axially symmetric around  $\mathbf{k}$

- sign change in  $G_{\nu}$  necessary, but not sufficient
- single crossing  $\Leftrightarrow$  instability
- several crossings: no simple rule

Capozzi et al. arXiv:1906.08794

non symmetric configuration:

- instabilities directional dependent



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several effects influence neutrino behaviour

fast conversions arise on the shortest scales

criteria for occurrence and importance for e.g. supernova  
explosion mechanism still unclear