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 - ▶ $\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}(\hat{a}^\dagger|n\rangle) = (n+1)(\hat{a}^\dagger|n\rangle) \Rightarrow \hat{a}^\dagger|n\rangle \sim |n+1\rangle$ (Aufsteigeoperator)
 - ▶ $\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}(\hat{a}|n\rangle) = (n-1)(\hat{a}|n\rangle) \Rightarrow \hat{a}|n\rangle \sim |n-1\rangle$ (Absteigeoperator)



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 - ▶ $\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}(\hat{a}|n\rangle) = (n-1)(\hat{a}|n\rangle) \Rightarrow \hat{a}|n\rangle \sim |n-1\rangle$ (Absteigeoperator)
- ▶ Nur dann kein Widerspruch, wenn n ganzzahlig und $\hat{a}|0\rangle = 0$, $\langle 0|0\rangle = 1$.
 $\Rightarrow \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}|0\rangle = 0 \Rightarrow |0\rangle$ niedrigster Zustand (Grundzustand)