

Chiral restoration and deconfinement in two-color QCD with two flavors of staggered quarks

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- ▶ Introduction
- ▶ Observables
- ▶ Setting the temperature scale
- ▶ Magnetic scaling
- ▶ Summary and outlook

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Motivation

- ▶ two-color QCD as QCD-like theory where finite density is accessible
- ▶ preparations for finite density

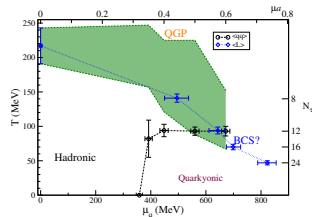
chiral properties

- ▶ scale setting
- ▶ scaling behavior

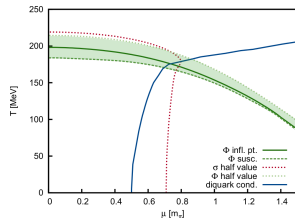
effective Polyakov loop potential

- ▶ influence of quarks
- ▶ compare to effective model descriptions

→ next talk by Philipp Scior



Boz, Cotter, Fister, Mehta, Skullerud [1303.3223]



Strodthoff, von Smekal [1306.2897]

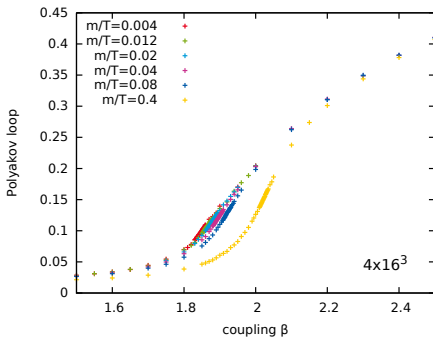
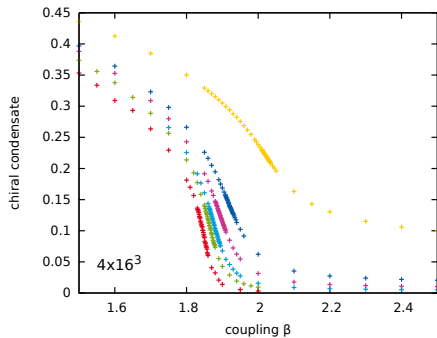


- ▶ $N_c = 2$ Wilson gauge action
- ▶ $N_f = 2$ staggered quarks via RHMC
- ▶ $N_t = 4, 6, 8$ with aspect ratio $N_s/N_t = 4$
- ▶ finite temperature: vary coupling β
- ▶ several masses

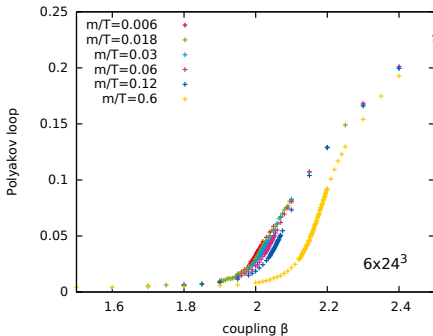
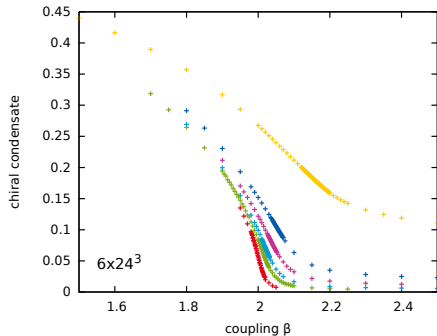
symmetry breaking

- ▶ continuum: $SU(2N_f) \rightarrow Sp(N_f)$
- ▶ staggered: $SU(2N_f) \rightarrow O(2N_f)$, here: $SU(4) \simeq O(6) \rightarrow O(4)$

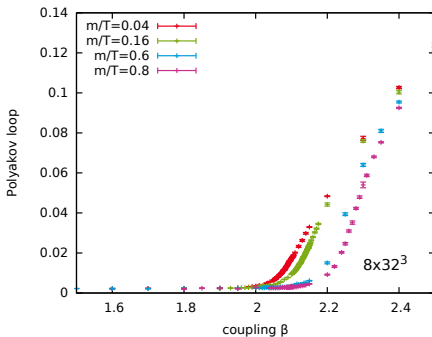
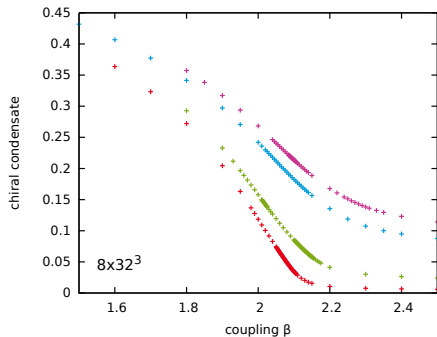
Order parameters



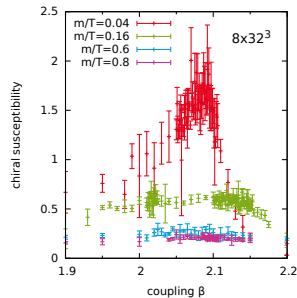
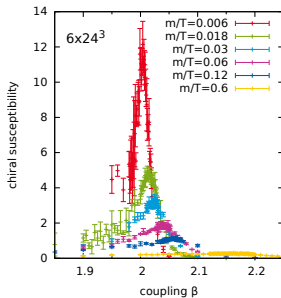
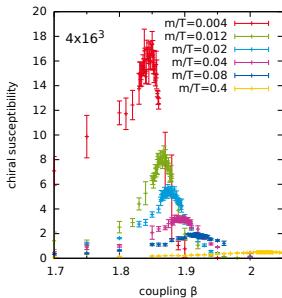
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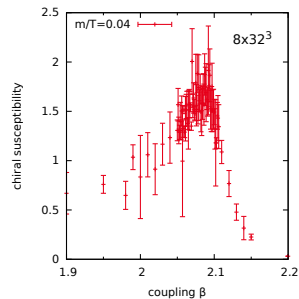
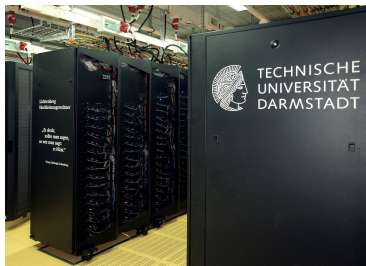


Chiral susceptibilities



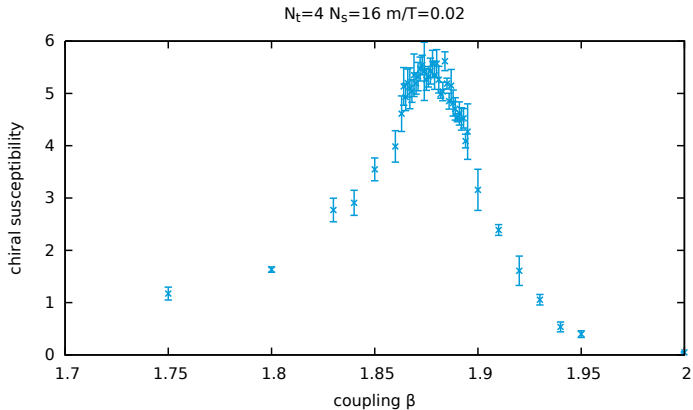
$N_t = 8, N_s = 32, m/T = 0.04$ data:

- ▶ approx. runtime: 80 GPU months
- ▶ using NVIDIA Tesla K20X
- ▶ Lichtenberg-Cluster @ TU Darmstadt



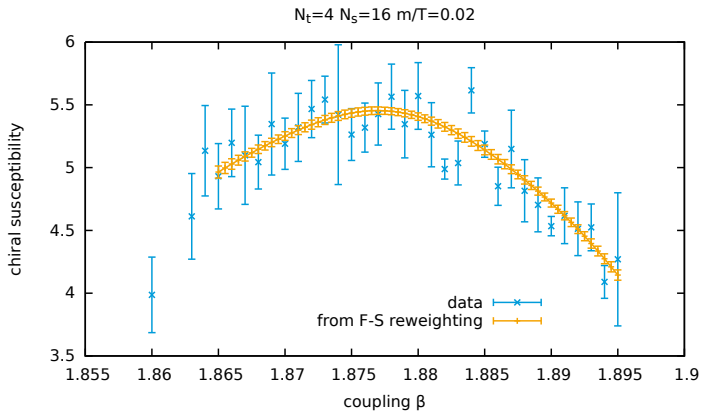
Ferrenberg-Swendsen reweighting

Example: $N_t = 4$



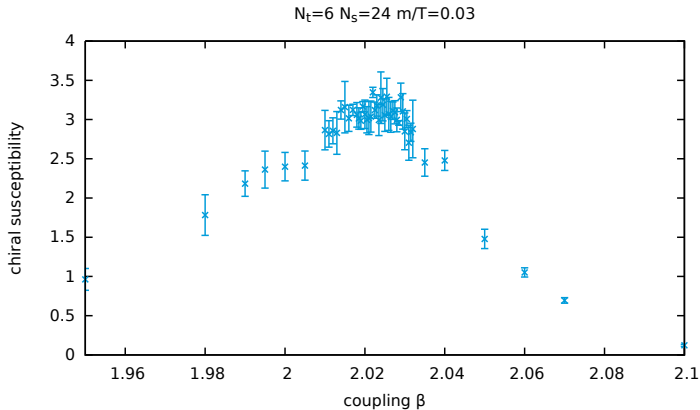
Ferrenberg-Swendsen reweighting

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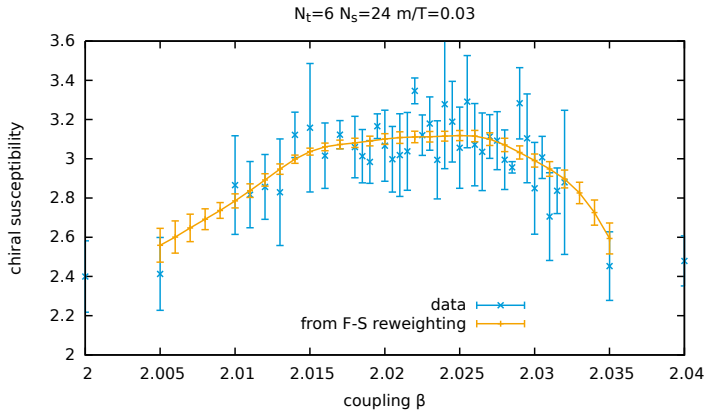
Ferrenberg-Swendsen reweighting

Example: $N_t = 6$



Ferrenberg-Swendsen reweighting

Example: $N_t = 6$

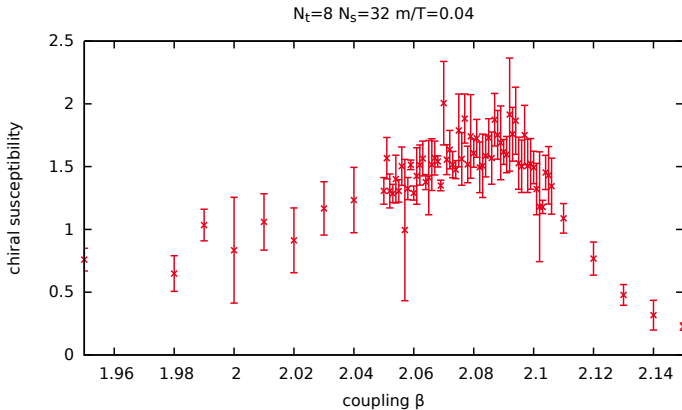


Ferrenberg-Swendsen reweighting

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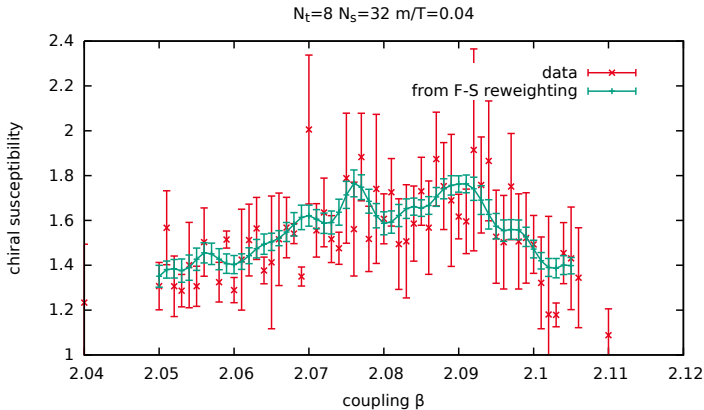


Ferrenberg-Swendsen reweighting

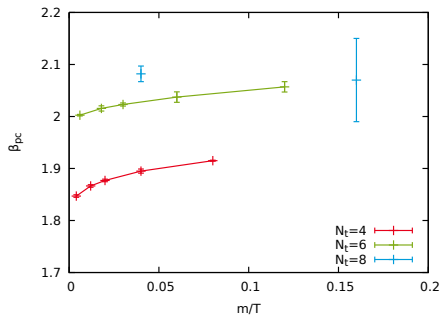
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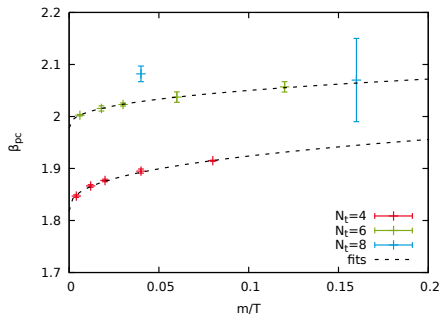
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Pseudo-critical line



Pseudo-critical line

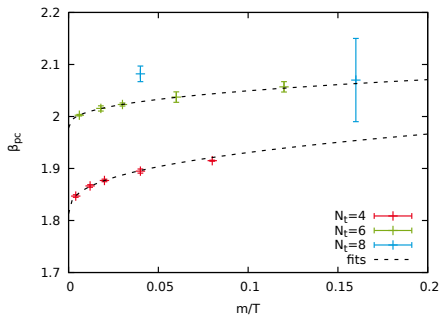
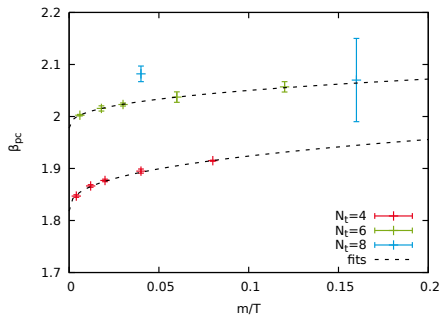


chiral extrapolation

$$\beta_{pc}(m, N_t) = \beta_c(N_t) + d \cdot \left(\frac{m}{T}\right)^c$$

with $c = \frac{1}{\beta\delta} = 0.38$ from Basile et al. JHEP02(2005)044

Pseudo-critical line



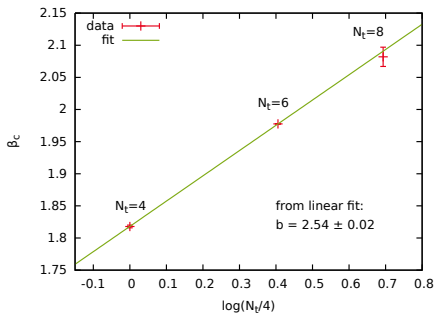
chiral extrapolation

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N_t	β_c (all)	β_c (without largest)
4	1.818(2)	1.813(2)
6	1.9776(5)	1.9780(3)

leading scaling behavior:
$$\frac{T}{T_c} = \exp \{b(\beta - \beta_c)\}$$



- ▶ similar analysis using deconfinement transition in pure SU(2) (Smith et al. [1307.6339])

$$M_{h=0,t \rightarrow 0} \sim |t|^\beta$$

$$\chi_{h=0,t \rightarrow 0} \sim |t|^{-\gamma}$$

$$M_{t=0,h \rightarrow 0} \sim |h|^{1/\delta}$$

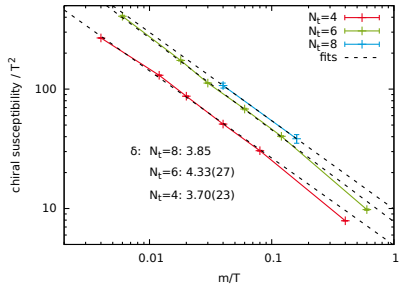
with reduced temperature $t = \frac{T - T_c}{T_c}$, external symmetry breaking field $h = \frac{H}{H_0}$

pseudo-critical line:

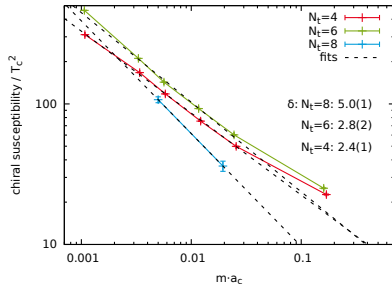
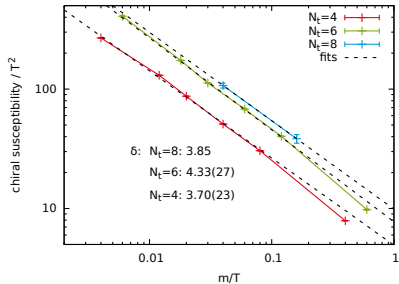
$$t_{\text{peak}} \sim h^{1/\delta\beta}$$

$$\chi_{\text{peak}} \sim t_{\text{peak}}^{-\gamma} \sim h^{1/\delta - 1}$$

peak height: $\chi_{\text{peak}} \sim m^{1/\delta-1}$



peak height: $\chi_{\text{peak}} \sim m^{1/\delta-1}$



Summary

- ▶ first steps towards scale setting and determination of critical exponents
- ▶ successful use of Ferrenberg-Swendsen reweighting for $N_t = 4$ and $N_t = 6$

Outlook

- ▶ chiral properties need more work, especially at $N_t = 8$
- ▶ lines of constant physics
- ▶ finite density

see next talk

- ▶ effective Polyakov loop potentials, Polyakov loop correlators, ...
- ▶ in comparison to pure gauge simulations and effective theories